NORTH CAROLINA PORTFOLIO
6

THE
CONSERVATIVE.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY
JOHN B. NEATHERY, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

TERMS OF THE DAILY:		TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:	
One month,	$10 00	One month,	$ 4 00
Three months,	20 00	Three months,	10 00
Six months,	40 00	Six months,	20 00

No subscriptions to either Daily or Weekly received for a longer time than six months.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS.

[OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia

Raising Negro Troops.

RICHMOND, March 16

Majors J. W. Pegram and Thos. P. Turner having been authorized by the Secretary of War to raise one or more companies of negro soldiers, under the recent act of Congress, approved 13th instant, have issued this morning an appeal to the people, in which they quote the following extract from a letter from Gen. Lee to Gen. Ewell, dated the 10th: "I hope it will be found practicable to raise a considerable force in Richmond. I attach great importance to the result of the first experiment. Nothing should be left undone to make it successful. The sooner this can be accomplished the better."

The appeal calls upon the people to send in their servants who can be spared, and asks every man in the State to aid in the organization of the force to be raised, by sending forward recruits to be rendezvous in Richmond.

Congressional.

RICHMOND, March 16.

The House adopted a resolution for the adjournment of Congress on Saturday at 1 o'clock.

Mr. Pugh from the military committee, submitted a report in relation to that part of the President's message referred to that commitee. The report says the recommendation of the President to abolish all classes of exemption, and confer upon him alone unlimited power of detail, presents the question whether our representatives or the executive shall say who shall constitute the army in the field and what persons shall remain at home on pursuits indispensable to the vital interest of the country. Experiment has demonstrated that the power of detail as heretofore exercised has offered more unnecessary immunity from military service than well guarded legislation on the subject of exemptions. The subject of the general military bill was considered by the committee at an early period of the session after mature deliberation it was decided unnecessary and inexpedient.

In the Senate to-day, the House bill suspending the writ of Habeas Corpus was rejected.

Yeas.—Barnett, Henry, Johnson, Missorin, Maxwell, Tynes of Kentucky and Vest, 6.

Nays.—Barnwell, Brown, Graham, Hunter, Oldham, Orr, Semmes, Watson and Wigfall, 8.

The bill to provide for the organizing and arming the militia of the Confederate States was debated at some length and rejected by a tie vote. The bill to amend the law regulating the impressments was considered and passed. It provides that in all cases where property is impressed for the use of the army it shall not be necessary to pay the price at the time of impressment.

The House resolution to adjourn on Saturday was rejected, yeas 5, nays 10.

The motion to reconsider was rejected.

The Senate resolved into secret session.

When the doors were opened Mr. Orr submitted a resolution for adjournment on Saturday was adopted, yeas 8, nays 7.

Recess until 8 o'clock.

A Correction.

RICHMOND, March 16.

The name of Heiskell was inadvertently included among the yeas, in the vote on the Habeas Corpus bill, yesterday.

Northern News.

MOBILE, Mar. 12, via SENATOBIA, Mar. 11.

Northern dates of the 7th received.

Capt. Beal was executed on Governor's Island.

The Yankee Consulate at Matamoras, recently closed, has been reopened.

Richmond papers of the 1st say Sherman is checked and Schofield held in check by Bragg, near Wilmington.

The excitement at Charlotte has abated.

Fayetteville dispatches of the 1st said there were no indications of the Yankees approaching that place.

Wade Hampton is at Columbia.

The Confederate House of Representatives had passed another bill to put three hundred thousand men in the army. The emancipation question was left open for further discussion.

The Richmond papers speak confidently of the situation.

Kelly and Crook, recently captured at Cumberland, Maryland, have arrived and taken up quarters at the Libby Prison.

The Army of the Potomac's correspondent says another attack is expected from the rebel rams.

There are seeming preparations for the evacuation of Petersburg, caused by Lee shortening his lines, and having detached Hill's corps to operate against Sherman.

The exchange of prisoners temporarily suspended by the freshet in James River.

The Confederate steamer *Stonewall* alias *Olinda* is still at Ferrill, reported leaking. She carried 45 heavy guns and was plated with four inches of iron.

Washburn, commanding at Memphis, and Dana have been removed.

Gold in New York, on the 3d, 198.

PANOLA, MISS., March 11, via Senatobia 2d.

A New York telegram says French papers confirm the report of the steam ram Olinda recently off the coast of France as a Confederate cruiser. A large number of cases and barrels have been transferred to her from an English steamer.

Northern papers of the 27th received.

Gen Gilmer sends an official dispatch to Gen. Hallock dated Charleston 18th, announcing the capture of that city with 200 cannon, and also supplies of amunition. He says the cotton warehouses, arsenal, quartermaster stores, railroad bridges and two ironclads were burnt by the rebels and that all the inhabitants remaining behind belonged to the poorer class. The capture of Fort Anderson is also announced.

The *Tribune* Washington special correspondent says it is estimated that the capture of Charleston and Fort Anderson with the certain capture of Mobile will liberate twenty-five thousand men from the navy, who can be had in the army.

From Mobile.

MOBILE, March 5.

One hundred and seventy-six naval army exchanged prisoners arrived in the city at two o'clock last night.

MOBILE, March 9.

A transport containing 2,000 troops entered Mobile bay yesterday through Grant's Pass.

MOBILE, March 11.

Fourteen vessels more added to the fleet to-day making 21 in sight of the city, great activity prevails with the enemy in lower bay. The signs indicate an early attack. The enemy fired a few shots on both shores.

A large portion of the fleet have disappeared.

The enemy reported advancing in force from Panola.

Virginia Legislature.

RICHMOND, March 16.

The Virginia Legislature adopted a resolution for recess from the 18th to the 20th inst.

Georgia Legislature.

MACON, March 4

The House adopted a resolution requesting Congress to repeal the Conscript law and accept men from the States under officers of their own choice, yeas 61, nays 46.

Headquarters Post.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 15, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 1.

I. CAPT BENJ. ROBINSON HAS BEEN ASSIGNED to duty at this Post, as Provost Marshal; and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

II. Officers arriving at this Post will register their names, rank, commands, and authority for absence, at the Provost Marshal's office.

III. All persons leaving the city will be required to have passports from the Provost Marshal's office.

IV. A Camp of Direction will be established at this Post; and officers and soldiers found in the city who are absent without proper authority will be sent there to be forwarded to their commands. By order,

F. M. PARKER,
Col. Commanding Post.

S. C. JAMES, Adjutant.

Headquarters Post,

RALEIGH, March 15, 1865.

CIRCULAR.

The following classification embraces only the officers and men and men allowed to remain within the City of Raleigh.

I. All officers and men properly assigned or detailed for duty within the limits of the City.

II. All officers and men on leaves of absence or furloughs properly granted whose such leave of absence or furloughs have not expired.

III. All officers of the Quartermaster, Commissary and Ordnance Department and their properly authorized agents here on business with their departments, when such officers or agents have been sent here either by their Corps Commanders or by the General Commanding.

IV. All other officers and men except those heretofore mentioned are ordered immediately to Smithfield.

By order,

F. M. PARKER.
Col. Commanding Post.

S. C. JAMES, Adjutant. 276—tf.

Headquarters Reserve of N. C.,

RALEIGH, March 14, 1865.

(Extract,)
SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 44.

* * * * * * *

II. ALL CONFEDERATE OFFICERS AND MEN DELIVERED at Savannah, or Charleston, during November, and December last, and all delivered on James River prior to the 1st inst., having been duly exchanged, it is hereby ordered that all such men shall be immediately assembled at Camp Stokes, Greensboro', and Camp Holmes, Raleigh, where they will receive further orders.

The special attention of all Enrolling Officers is called to this Order, and Circular No. 12, Current series, Conscript Office, Raleigh, N. C. Quartermasters will furnish the necessary transportation.

By command of Lieut. Gen. HOLMES:

CHAS. S. STRINGFELLOW,
A. A. General.

276—4t.

Headquarters Reserve of N. C.,

RALEIGH, March 15, 1865.

(Extract.)
SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 45.

* * * * * * *

V. ALL COMMISSIONED OFFICERS ARRIVING IN Raleigh will at once report to Col. F. M. Parker, Commanding Post for Register. Such as are absent without leave will be returned to their commands.

Col. Parker will immediately organize a sufficient guard and arrest and send to the army all who are absent without proper authority.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieut. Gen. HOLMES:

CHAS. S. STRINGFELLOW,
A. A. General.

276—12t.

Surgeon General's Office,

RALEIGH, N. C., March 8th, 1865

THE HOME GUARD BOARDS WILL IMMEDIATELY proceed to visit the different counties of their respective Districts for the purpose of examining all persons claiming exemption on account of physical disability.

The Board for the First District will first convene at Jackson, that for the Second District at Enfield, that for the Third at Goldsboro', that for the Fourth at Fayetteville; that for the Fifth at Raleigh, that for the Sixth at Greensboro, that for the Seventh at Lexington, that for the Eighth at Charlotte, that for the Ninth at Morganton, that for the Tenth at Asheville. Instructions from this office will be forwarded to these points.

EDWARD WARREN,
Surgeon General N. C.

March 9. 271—d1w.

Confederate States Depository,

RALEIGH, N. C March 2, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT FOR THE PRESent the interest due January 1st 1865, on all certificates of indebtedness of the Confederate States of America, payable in North Carolina, will be paid at this office on presentation of said certificates.

C. B. HARRISON,
Depository.

270—6t.

SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED "Commissioner to investigate, collect and distribute Claims of Deceased Soldiers," gives notice that after the 30th inst., he will be prepared to furnish the blanks whereby the wives, children, executors or administrators of deceased soldiers may have their claims placed in proper form to be filed in the Auditor's office in Richmond, and will use every effort in his power to have the same promptly paid.

Persons applying for blanks must forward a 20 cent postage stamp (or two 10 cent bills) to prepay the postage on the same.

A Register of all claims will be kept, and at any time the state of a claim may be ascertained.

HENRY E. COLTON,
Fayetteville, N. C.

February 25, 1865. 263—tf.

50 BOXES CAROLINA BELLE SNUFF FOR sale. KINSEY & WARE.

Raleigh Dec. 22, 1864. 203—tf.

ROBBERY.

THE SUBSCRIBER WAS ROBBED OF A FOUR HUNdred dollar 4 per cent. Certificate of Deposit, dated March 19th, 1864, No. 121, issued to me by J. M. Worth, Dep. If not found within six weeks from this date application will be made for a duplicate. This the 20th day of January, 1865.

ALFRED CAVINESS.

January 24, 1865. 234—tf.

A FINE BUGGY AND HARNESS FOR SALE. Apply for information at this office.

March 17, 1865. 277—2t*

AXES, SHOVELS, PLOWS, &c.

5 DOZEN LONG HANDLED SHOVELS,
10 " Cast Steel Axes,
4 " " " Hilling Hoes,
6 " Medium Sized Grindstones,
3 " No. 2 Plows,
5 " No. 11 "
4 " No. 60 "
1 " No. 2 Two horse Livingston Plows,
1200 " Plow Points, Landsides and Bolts,
200 pounds Horse Shoes.
All kinds of Plantation and Bar Iron, at

SHAW, WILLIAMSON & CO'S
North State Iron and Brass Works.

March 3, 1865. 266—tf

FOR RENT.

A LARGE AND DESIRABLE RESIDENCE WITHIN A mile of the city of Raleigh, [redacted] acres of land attached.

Apply to [redacted] Joyner, Yarborough, Raleigh, N. C.

January 31, 1865. 248—tf.

JOHN D HYMAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ANY BUSINESS IN the 8th Judicial Circuit that may be entrusted to his hands.

January 5, 1864 218—tf.

BOXES FOR SOLDIERS.

ALL BOXES FOR SOLDIERS OR PRISONERS OF War from North Carolina, delivered to the following named persons will be promptly forwarded free of charge:

Sprague Brothers, Salisbury.
Dr. D. F. Summey, Ashville.
Dr. W. A. Collet, Morganton.
Dr. J. W. Allison, Statesville.
Dr. J. L. Neagle, Greensboro.
Mr. A Hagan, Charlotte.
Mr. Edward Hege, Salem.
Capt J N McDowell, Raleigh.
Joseph A. Worth, Fayetteville.
E. Murry & Co., Wilmington.
Mr. F. L. Band, Tarboro.
Mr J. A. Askew, Colerain.
Mr. F. L Roberts, Murfreesboro.

The boxes should be well hooped, properly marked, and delivered in time for my Special Messenger who leaves Raleigh on the first day of every month.

EDWARD WARREN,
Surgeon General, N. C.

Raleigh, Oc 29, 1864. 163—tf.

Almanacs! Almanacs!!

TURNER'S ALMANACS FOR 1865 NOW READY.

Price per hundred	75 00
" " doz.	10 00
" " single copy.	1 00

BRANSON & FARRAR,
Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 2. 1865. 215—tf.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & Co.,
STOCK AND MONEY BROKERS,
Raleigh, N. C.,

CONTINUES TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSIness at their old stand as heretofore in all its various branches.

WEEKLY SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.

IN PURSUANCE OF A PLAN LONG ENTERTAINED, and to meet the expressed wants of the Agriculturists and County Residents of the South, the subscriber announces his intention to commence the publication of a Weekly edition of the SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.

The paper will retain its present form, furnishing eight pages of reading matter weekly. It will be devoted as heretofore, to Agriculture. Also, to Current News, a synopsis of Army Intelligence, proceedings of Congress, reports of the Markets, &c., &c., embracing everything necessary to make it a valuable and acceptable

FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

For the Farmers, Planters, Gardeners, Stock Raisers, House wives, and business men of the Confederacy. The first number of the Weekly edition will be issued on or before the first Saturday in November.

TERMS:

$6 for 6 months, or $8 for 3 months. Single copies, 25 cents.

All present subscribers to CULTIVATOR to be supplied for the remainder of this year (1864) with Weekly, without any advance in price. Address

D. REDMOND,
Augusta, Ga.

January 24, 1865. 234—tf.

Claims for Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED A COmissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bounty arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimant be a child or children of the deceased; and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full: a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants, Post Office and County in full.

NO. A. STANLY
Commissioner.

161—tf.

THE CHURCH INTELLIGENCER,

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE PROtestant Episcopal Church in the Confederate States, is now published by the Protestant Episcopal Church Publishing Association in Charlotte, North Carolina.

REV. F. M. HUBBARD, D. D., } EDITORS.
REV. G. M. EVERHART, A. M., }

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—CASH, IN ADVANCE:

For three months, $5. For six months, $10. For one year, $20.

*** For Army or Hospital distribution, a deduction of twenty-five per cent.

All communications should be addressed, "Church Intelligencer, Charlotte, N. C."

January 25, 1865. 235—tf.

Notice—Exemption from the Army.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO EMPLOY A MAIL Carrier. Any one wishing an exemption can secure it if application is made to me immediately. Good moral character required.

MARCELLUS JORDAN,
Mail Contractor, Greensboro'.

March 15, 1865. 275—4t*

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Ald.
Col George Little, Wake. do
M S Robins, Randolph, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
Charles R. Thomas, Carteret, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptrolor.
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Auditor.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Washington C. Kerr, of Mecklenburg, State Geologist
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Major William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Major John Devereux, Wake, Quartermaster.
Major T D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Major James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Major Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
Major James H. Foote, Asst. Adjt. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
Major William A Graham, Jr., Ass't Adjt. General.
Lieut. Josiah Collins, Washington county, Ordnance Department.
Lieut. Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Isaac W. Garrett, Edgecombe, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Thaddeus McGee, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Charles H. Thompson, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Geo. W. Thompson, Caswell, Assistant Adjutant General, (Roll of Honor.)

JUDICIAL.

SUPREME COURT.

Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice.
Wm H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, Craven, Judges.
Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General.
Patrick H Winston, Wake, Reporter.
Edmund B Freeman, Wake, Clerk.
[Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

SUPERIOR COURTS.

Judges—Edwin G Reade, Person, Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; William M Shipp, Henderson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville.

Solicitors—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit. Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S Merrimon, Buncombe.

CONFEDERATE COURT.

Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge.
George V Strong, Wayne, District Attorney.
Pride Jones, Orange, Marshal.
Clerk of Albemarle District, Joseph Ramsay.
Clerk of Pamlico District, Wm M Watson.
Clerk of Cape Fear District, Daniel Coleman.
[The next Term will be held as follows: Albemarle District at Halifax, on 2d May next. Pamlico District, at Goldsboro', on 5th May next. Cape Fear District, at Concord, on 8th May next.]

COUNCIL OF STATE.

A G Foster, Randolph; J R Hargrave, Anson; P H Winston, jr, Bertie; A T Davidson, Macon; Wm. Eaton, jr., Warren; Chas. E. Shober, Guilford; Nich. L Williams, Yadkin.

LITERARY BOARD.

His Excellency, Z B Vance, President, *Ex Officio*; L C Edwards, Granville; Prof Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr Wm Sloan, Gaston; M S Robins, Randolph, Treasurer

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD.

His Excellency, Z B Vance, President, *Ex Officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr, of Warren; Henry Nutt, New Hanover; Col John D Hyman, Henderson.

COMMISSIONERS OF SINKING FUND.

Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon Edwards, Warren, Hon David L Swain, Orange. Quentin Busbee, Wake, Secretary.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Willis J Palmer, A M. is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf Dumb and the Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendent of the Insane Asylum.

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

FIELD OFFICERS, OF NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENTS.

	Colonels.	Lieut. Colonels.	Majors.
1	H A Brown,	J N Harrell,	L C Latham,
2			J T Seal s,
3	S D Thurston,	W M Parsly,	W T Encit,
4	E A Osborne,		
5	J W Lea,	W J Hill,	
6	R F Webb,	S McD Tate,	R W York,
7	W L Davidson,	J McL Turner,	J G Harris,
8	J M Whitson,	W A Barrier,	A J Rogers,
9	W H Cheek,	W H H Cowles,	
10	S D Pool,	H T Guion,	Sparrow & Reily
11	W J Martin,		
12	H E Coleman,	W S Davis,	R W Alston,
13	J H Hyman,	H A Rogers,	K B Withers,
14	R T Bennett,	W A Johnston,	J H Lambeth,
15	W H Yarboro,	G W Hammond,	
16	W A Stowe	A S Cloud,	
17	W F Martin,	T H Sharpe,	L J Johnson,
18	J D Barry,	J W McGill,	T J Wooten,
19	W P Roberts,		
20	T F Toon,		D J Devane,
1		W S Rankin,	
22	T S Galloway,	W S Mitchell,	Lee Russell,
23			
24	W J Clarke,	J L Harris,	T D Love
25	H M Rutledge,		M N Love,
26	Jno R Lane,		T J Adams,
27	J A Gilmer, Jr.,	G F Whitefield,	J C Webb,
28	S D Lowe,		S N Stowe,
29	W B Creasman,	B S Proffit,	
30	F M Parker,		
31		C W Knight,	
32	D G Cowand,	H G Lewis,	
33	R V Cowan	J H Saunders,	J A Weston,
34	W L J Lowrance,	G T Gordan,	
35	J F Johnson,	S B Taylor,	R E Petty,
36	W Lamb,	J D Taylor,	J M Stevenson,
37		W G Morris,	J L Bost.
38	Jno Ashford,	G W Flowers,	J T Wilson,
39	D Coleman,	F A Reynolds,	
40	J J Hedrick,		W A Holland,
41	J A Baker,	R Moore.	
42	J E Brown,	C W Bradshaw,	T J Brown,
43	T S Kenan,		
44	T C Singeltary,	T L Hargrove,	C M Stedman,
45	J R Winston,		
46	W L Saunders,	A C McAllister,	N McK McNeil,
47		W C Lankford,	
48	S H Walkup,	A A Hill,	
49	L M McAfee,	J T Davis,	C Q Petty,
50	G Worthan,	J C Vanhook,	H J Ryals,
51	H McKethan,	C B Robson,	J R McDonald,
52	M A Parks,		
53		J T Morehead,	
54	K M Murchison,	A Ellis,	
55	J R Connally,	A H Belo,	
56	P F Faison,	G G Luke,	J W Graham,
57		H C Jones,	J A Craige,
58	J B Palmer,		T J Doolin,
59	D D Fe rebee,	E Cantwell,	J M Mayo.
60	W M Hardy.		J T Weaver,
61		W S Devane,	E Mallett,
62		G W Clayton.	P G McDowell,
63		S B Evans,	J H McNeil,
64		W N Garrett,	T P Jones,
65	G N Folk,	A H Baird,	J J Spann,
66	J H Nethercutt,	C G Wright,	D L Davis,
67	J N Whitford,	R W Wharton,	E Whitford,
68	J W Hinton,	B C Yellowly,	W B Sanderlin,
69	G Tait,	J L Henry,	I A Harris.

The first Battalion Sharp Shooters is commanded by Captain R. E. Wilson; First Battalion Heavy Artillery, by Maj. Alexander McRae; Second Battalion N. C. T, (Infantry) by Maj. J. M. Hancock; Third Battalion Light Artillery, by Maj. J. W. Moore; Thirteenth Battalion Light Artillery, by Lieut Colonel J. R. Starr.

THOMAS' LEGION.—Col., W. H. Thomas, Lieut. Colonel, J. R. Love; Maj., W. W. Stringfield; Thomas' Legion, Lieut. Colonel, J. A. McKarney.

BRIGADE N. C. JUNIOR RESERVES.

No.	Colonels.	Lieut. Colonels.	Majors.
1	F. S Armistead.	C. W. Broadfoot.	W McK. Clark.
2	J. H. Anderson.	W. F. Beasley.	N. A. Gregory.
3	J W. Hinsdale,	W. F. French.	A. A. Ellington.
1	Bat.		D. T. Millard.

The Magnolia Weekly Home Journal.

THE PROPRIETORS HAVE ENLARGED AND IMproved their Home Journal. It comprises eight pages, containing 32 columns, in new type, devoted to the encouragement and dissemination of Southern Literature, embracing Romance and Biography, Poetry and Music. A special services of the leading established writers of the South have been secured. No effort or expenses spared to give brilliancy and interest to the paper. Published weekly at Ten Dollars a year. Address

PROPRIETORS OF THE MAGNOLIA.
Richmond, Va.

January 31, 1865. 240—tf.

DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

VOL. I.] RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1865. [No. 278

THE
CONSERVATIVE.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY and WEEKLY CONSERVATIVE:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS

One day,	$ 5 00	One week,	$ 30 00
Two days,	10 00	Two weeks,	60 00
Three days,	15 00	Three weeks,	90 00
Four days,	20 00	One month,	120 00
Five days,	25 00	Two months,	240 00

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Obituaries, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

CALENDAR FOR 1865.

1865.	Sunday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesday,	Thursday,	Friday,	Saturday,
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
Feb.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28				
Mar				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
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1865. 1865.

CONSERVATIVE
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Aids to the President.—Col Wm M Browne, of Georgia, Col Jas Chesnut, of S C, Col Wm F Johnston, of Ky Col J C Ives, of Miss, Col G W C Lee, of Va, Col John T Wood.

Private Secretary to the President—Burton M Harrison, of Miss.

Department of State—Judah P Benjamin, of La, Secretary of State. L Q Washington, Chief Clerk. The office of Assistant Secretary is vacant.

Department of Justice—Attorney General, George Davis, of N. C., Wade Keyes, of Ala., Assistant Attorney General. H R Rhodes, of Miss., Commissioner of Patents. G W E Nelson, of Ga., Superintendant of Public Printing. R M Smith, Public Printer.

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War Department—James A Seddon, of Va., Secretary of War. Judge John A Campbell, of Ala., Assistant Secretary of War. R G H Kean, Chief Bureau of War; Gen. S Cooper, Adjutant and Inspector General. Lt Col Jno Withers, Lt Col H L Clay, Maj E A Palfrey, Maj Chas H Lee, Maj S W Melton and Capt Reilly, Assistant Adjutants and Inspectors General. Brig Gen A R Lawton, of Ga., Quartermaster General. Col L B Northrop, of S C, Commissary General. Col J Gorgas, Chief of Ordnance. S P Moore, M D, Surgeon General. C H Smith, M D., Assistant Surgeon.

Navy Department—R S Mallory, of Florida, Secretary of the Navy. E M Timball, Chief Clerk. Com John M Brooke, Chief of Ordnance. Com A B Fairfax, Inspector of Ordnance. Com J K Mitchell, in charge of Orders and Detail. Surgeon W A W Spotswood, Chief of Medicine and Surgery. Paymaster J DeBree, Chief of Clothing and Provisions.

Post Office Department—John H Reagan, of Texas, Postmaster General. H St Geo Offut, of Va, Chief of Contract Bureau. B N Clements, of Tenn., Chief of Appointment Bureau. John L Harrell, of Ala., Chief of Finance Bureau. B Fuller, of N. C., Chief Clerk.

New Daily Paper in Richmond.
PROSPECTUS.

THE undersigned propose to publish a daily paper, under the title of "THE RICHMOND HERALD," on or about the 15th of January next.

It will be entirely independent in politics, but will nevertheless accord to the administration a just support in all measures which, in the opinion of its conductors may be deemed promotive of the good of the cause in which we are engaged. A proper criticism of such acts as will be deemed adverse to this object, will be, of course, consistent with the independent character under which the paper is to be inaugurated.

In the matter of General News it will be found to keep pace with the leading journals of the day. This it will have added to it in the way of financial intelligence a feature such as, we venture to say, no paper in the Confederacy can boast of. Editorials from the pen of one of the ablest financial writers in this or any other country will be presented in each number.

For reasons not now proper to be mentioned, we forbear to give the names of those who shall compose the regular editorial staff; but we flatter ourselves that when they shall appear they will be found to constitute such an array of talent as cannot be excelled on this continent.

The well known character of the individual whose name appears below, as a stenographic reporter, furnishes we presume, a guarantee that, in all that relates to important political speeches and debates, whether in legislative assemblies or out of them, the "HERALD" will present advantages certainly not to be excelled by any paper in the Confederacy.

The farming interests will be faithfully vindicated, and care taken to disseminate the earliest intelligence which a proper regard for the welfare of that great element of national wealth and power shall demand.

In the matter of correct commercial intelligence, equal zeal shall be manifested, our object being to assign to each of these departments an editor of known experience and ability.

Arrangements are on foot by which to secure the earli

THE
CONSERVATIVE.

M. S. ROBINS, Editor.

☞ All letters on business of the office to be directed to JOHN B. NEATHERY & Co.

RALEIGH, N. C.:
SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1865.

ALTHOUGH OUR CITY yesterday was reasonably calm, and our good citizens showed little signs of more than ordinary excitement, we had several rumors, apparently from sources entitled to that credibility which we should have given them but for the fact that among those that seemed equally to reserve confidence we met with many directly antagonistic. Among these reports was one, we heard early in the day, that the Yankees burned no private property in Fayetteville, except the Factories; later in the day we heard from a source which seemed to be entitled to confidence, that they burned various private residences.

Amid these conflicting statements we will not venture to *guesss* at the truth till we hear something further.

The reports of the movements of Sherman were equally conflicting and uncertain. One statement apparently reliable, was that he was still remaining in Fayetteville, while another said with an equal appearance of credibility, that he had left that place with his entire force, and proceded to a considerable distance from there; and that some of the citizens were returning to their old homes in the place. Amid this uncertainty we will only say that we suppose that the military who have us now under their protection, are fully informed on this matter, and hope they are prepared to meet him whatever may be his plans, and checkmate him.

WE PUBLISHED in our telegraphic columns on yesterday the response of the House of Representatives to that part of President Davis' message urging the necessity of suspending the previleges of the Writ of *Habeas Corpus*. It will be remembered that that body passed a bill for that purpose in hot haste, though by a small majority.

We thought it not improbable, judging the future by the past, that the Senate "might go and do likewise;" but we are glad to be able to lay before our readers to-day a dispatch showing that the Senate possesses more cool deliberation and less subserviency than the House. Our readers will observe from the *yeas* and *nays*, which the dispatch discloses; that those who voted for the measure are principally from the states, which have furnished fewest soldiers to the Confederate army, and most to the other side, while those from North Carolina and the other states, whose citizens have stood most firmly by the cause, and whose soldiers have been truest to the standard of their country—in short those, who have a constituancy to hold them to account for their Stewardship were almost unanimous against it. We think it, at least, one favorable augury for the future of the country, that we have a majority in the Senate who show that they are determined, while resisting with the utmost vigor, the assaults of our enemy from without, in the language of the model Statesman of the country, our own Graham, to be free "in the means as well as the end."

We hope that the whole Congress may soon wake up to the folly of their past course.

No government founded upon popular rights, and the theory that the people have a right to a voice in the management of their affairs, can long maintain itself, when in its most important measures, it habitually shows a disposition to distrust the loyalty and devotion of its citizens and endeavors to repell rather than conciliate their affections. A government pursuing such a course must soon fall to pieces from the want of proper support, or degenerate into a despotism. Hence we are exceedingly gratified at the defeat of this proposition by the Senate. We think it ought, and trust it will add to our moral strength against our foe. "In union there is strength." And surely nothing ought to add more to that "union" and that "strength," than the dire alternative of subjugation with all its woes, on the one hand, and that freedom which a proper administration of the government with its consequent union and strength places before us in the future of success against our foes.

NEW MUSIC. We are indebted to Messrs. Brangon & Farrar, of this city, for the following pieces of music which can be obtained at their Bookstore:

"The Rainbow Schottisch,"—arranged for piano music, by Henry Kleber.

"Evergreen Waltz,"—composed for the piano, by I. T. Stoddard.

"Then you'll remember me,"—a ballad from Ball's admired Opera of the Bohemian Girl.

"Rochester Schottisch,"—for the piano, by W. H. Rulison.

The favorite song and chorus "Carrie Vaughan."

"The Palmetto Schottisch,"—for the piano.

"The Switzer's Farewell,"—for the piano.

"They told me not to love him,"—a ballad, by W. D. Yallaclur.

"Les Cloches du Monastere or Monastery Bells,"—for the piano.

"I've brought thee an Ivy Leaf,"—for the piano, by D. Wood.

"Dreaming of Thee,"—a ballad, by J. Dickson Burns.

WE ARE indebted to the Southern Express Company for Augusta papers of the 7th 8th and 9th of the present month.

DEATH OF LIEUT. COL. WRIGHT.—We were surprised and pained to learn of the death of Lieut. Col. Clement G. Wright. We learn he has been unwell for several months. He reached the home of his father-in law, Mr. Jesse H. Lindsay, on last Sunday morning and died on Monday night about 10 o clock. He has been in the service for sometime.

He entered it as a private; was then on the staff of Gen. Robeson; and was finally promoted to the Majority, and then the office of Lieutenent Colonel.

It is saddening to record the death of a man at this hour of our fierce and dreadful struggle for independence. He will be greatly missed in his regiment, where he made a faithful and excellent officer, and in which he was highly popular. —*Greensboro Patriot.*

Cato said, "The best way to keep good acts in memory is to repeat them." If by this Cato meant to improve the memory of the recipient he certainly suggested the only plan.

A FRIEND has handed us a private letter from a relation residing at Columbia from which we make a few extracts which will be found interesting:

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 2, 1865.

DEAR ——:

* * * * * * *

Our men fought bravely and to the last, but it was impossible for the few we had to keep back so many. They fought at Granby and Crane Creek. We could hear the musketry plain. It sounded like packs of crackers. They fought all Wednesday and Thursday. On Friday morning Major Godwin surrendered the city. Gen. Hampton would not surrender it and the Governor would not so Beauregard told Godwin he could do as he pleased and he gave it up. That is why the Yankees say they done us so bad, because the city was not surrendered properly. * * * *

The army came into the city with yells, and a rush to the State-House, and there they planted the old flag. It was shot through by some one, but the crowd was so great they could not find out who did it. * * * I cannot begin to tell you the suffering and distress. Women with babies one and two weeks old had to go into the woods. They blew up the water works and gas house. They did every thing you can think of but take our lives, and they have even done that, for how are we to live without anything to eat? They plundered every house and took every horse, mule, cow and wagon they could find. Sherman left five hundred head of cattle, but the reason he left them is they were too poor for the army. Imagine to yourself 7,000 people drawing rations every day—old blue beef and corn meal. That will soon give out, and then God knows what will become of us for they have served the country people the same way. They took every thing from Mrs. —— even her bed clothes, ripped up her bolsters, took the feathers out, and stuffed them with her bacon hams. They dug up the yard looking for buried silver. They had magnets, something used by miners to find gold and silver. * * * * * *

They had headquarters at Halcet Green's, and after being entertained, eating and drinking, smashed up all their furniture and destroyed everything when they left.

There were a few Union people here but the Yanks treated them as mean as the strongest secessionist. Those who went with them had to go or starve. K.

The following letter, says the Charlotte *Bulletin* of a recent date, speaks for itself. The subject of feeding the army, of strengthening the hands of the government, of building up and bringing forth our great resources has, we hope, begun to stir the heart of the people. One among one thousand of noble women has already responded to the call made upon popular sympathy, and her mite is ready to be laid upon her country's altar. Who will do likewise? As she pertinently remarks, there are thousands in the Old North State who have the means and we believe they only lack the opportunity to pour them forth. Let us have from them, other responses to our appeal, and may the good work go on. Carolina must, nay, shall not be behind her neighbors:

LINCOLNTON, March 9, 1865.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—The appeal published in yesterday's paper, is surely enough to stir every heart in its greatest depth—and make every individual desire the privilege of contributing to the support of our noble army and our sacred cause.

My situation is the same with that of thousands of women in the Confederacy. I have no "corn, wine or oil," I have not one cent of coin—but, I have a few personal trinkets, a handful or two of broken silver. I believe that almost every housekeeper (except those who have been plundered by our brutal enemies,) has as much as I have, some a thousand times more. Gold and silver will purchase food. Cannot these things if largely contributed be made available in the present emergency, or become the nucleus of a fund for the future to buy provisions for our army. Please say something in your paper on the subject—tell us how to convert this gold which in its present form is useless, into food and raiment for our soldiers.

My contribution is ready, and I think it would amply support one soldier six months.

A SOUTHERN MATRON.

We hear from friends and through the papers that deserters in Randolph and other counties are committing numerous and aggravated outrages—We learn that a number of worthy families have been robbed and otherwise badly treated by deserters in Randolph. Let the strong hand of power be stretched forth to suppress these outrages.—Med who rob and burn as they go forfeit all claim to clemancy. There is no hope but in the rigid enforcement of the law against all who violate it.—in this country, as in England, every man's house should be his castle, and should be sacred against the intrusion of plunderers and robbers. We have ever discountenanced desertion as an evil of the first magnitude, and we do not hesitate to denounce now, as heretofore, every violation of law by deserters and others. The peace of society, and the right of the people to the undisturbed enjoyment of their property, should be preserved by all means and at all hazards. Just think of it!—the patient self-sacrificing soldier in the field fights to protect property, and the skulking deserter in his absence plunders, destroys and steals that property and seduces, it may be the family of that patient, self sacrificing soldier to want and disturbs and terrifies the community generally. Let the law be enforced against all offenders, and let the outrages complained of be promptly suppressed.

DARK DAYS.—There are fewer dark, rainy, uncomfortable days, than bright ones. The gloom they spread over our feelings, is remembered for days, while the days of sunshine, however full of cheerfulness and brightness, are seldom thought of until a dark day comes. So it is with the ways of Providence. A thousand blessings of Providence make far less impression upon us, than a single ill, or reverse of fortune.

THOMAS HOOD AND HIS WIFE.—I never was anything, dearest, till I saw you—and I have been a better, happier and more prosperous man ever since. Lay by that truth in lavender, sweetest, and remember me of it, when I fail. I am writing warmly; but not without good cause. First, your own affectionate letter, lately received—next, the rembraces of our dear children, pledges—darling ones! —of our own familiar love—then a delicious impulse to pour out the overflowings of my heart into yours—and last, not least, the knowledge that your dear eyes will read what my hands are now writing. Perhaps there is an afterthought that, whatever may befall me, the wife of my bosom will have this acknowledgement of her tenderness—worth, excellence—all that is wifelike or womanly, from my pen.—*Memorials of Hood.*

To learn thyself is wisdom that is oftener shunned than sought. To know others is knowledge we seek to gain at the expense of ourselves.

Boys reach manhood in a *roundabout* way.

THE FOLLOWING LINES on the death and burial of Colonel I. H. FOUST, of Randolph County, has been forwarded us for publication. We take pleasure in giving them a place in our columns, not only because they appear to our unpoetic ear to be beautiful, but also because the subject of them was well known and beloved by us and the large community acquainted with him, on account of his great usefullness to the public, as well as his many private virtues:

How strong the King of Terrors, beside the dying bed!
How dread the spectre of Despair when lingering hope hath fled!
The ardent heart of friendship, the glowing heart of love,
Beneath Death's icy fingers, at last must cease to move;
And the immortal spirit—Oh! but in Jesus where
Can the undying spirit find refuge from despair?

How weak the King of Terrors beside the King of Kings,
Who hovers o'er the couch of pain with healing in his wings.
Who breathes within the humbled heart the earnest wrestling prayer.
"Have mercy Lord!" and bows so low to hear the whisper there,
Then sends a thrill of rapture throughout the holy Heaven,
By these sweet words, in sweetest tones, "Thy sins are all forgiven!"

Another witness rises to tell of pardoning grace,
For thus our dear friend sought and found, a Savior's smiling face,
A Savior who inspires, and hears, and answers fervent prayer,
And freely gives the faith that saves from sin and from despair;
Another witness calls us to [illegible] mercy seat,
Who never turned a penite[illegible]nied from His feet

The sky was draped in darkness, beneath its murky gloom,
We laid the precious ashes beneath the silent tomb,
And when upon the little mound, a wreath of evergreen
Was laid by friendship's trembling hand, the sun burst o'er the scene,
We hailed it as an emblem of Peace and Love and Joy,
Which this poor world can never give, and never can destroy.

We would not call thee back, dear friend, we would not call thee back,
Thine eye no more shall view with ours the lightning's burning track,
The ear that hearkened to our woes, no earthquake sound shall pain
The heart that bled o'er all our wounds, shall never bleed again:
The pure and perfect love of God is now thy blest employ—
We would not mar the Sabbath day of thine eternal joy.

D. E. M.

THE ORIGIN OF "PENT UP UTICA."

Everybody has heard the lines

"No pent up Utica contracts our powers,
But the whole boundless continent is ours."

But few know the author, or in what poem they occur. They were written by one Jonathan Mitchell Sew, a Portsmouth poet, as an epilogue to Addison's play of Cato, on the occasion of its performance by an amateur company in that place in 1778. The whole production was one of decided power. The spirit of the Revolution entered into every expression. We give a few lines:

And what now gleams with dawning rays at home,
Once blazed in orbed majesty at Rome,
Did Rome's brave Senate ever nobly strive to oppose
The mighty torrent of domestic foes;
And boldly arm the virtuous few, and dare
The desperate perils of unequal war?
Our Senate, to the bold deed has done;
And for a Cato armed a Washington!

Rise, then, my countrymen, for fight prepare,
Gird on your swords, and fearless rush to war!
For your grieved country nobly dare to die,
And empty all your veins for liberty.
No pent up Utica contracts our powers,
But the whole boundless continent is ours!

Utica, a town older than in the vicinity of ancient Carthage, was the place where Cato died This fact, with the above extracts, will sufficiently explain one of the expressive quotations in our language—a quotation which has been frequently made by the most distinguished orators, Webster among them.

GREATNESS.—All greatness consists in this—in being alive to what is going on around one; in living actually; in giving voice to the thought of humanity; in saying to one's fellows what they want to hear at that moment; in being the concretion, the result of the present world. In no other way can one affect the world than in responding thus to its needs, in embodying thus its ideas. You will see, in looking in history, that all great men have been a piece of their time; take them out and set them elsewhere, and they will not fit so well; they were made for their day and generation. The literature which has left any mark, which has been worthy of the name, has always mirrored what was doing around it; not necessarily daguerreotyping the more outside, but at least reflecting the inside the thoughts, if not the action of men—their feelings and sentiments, even if it treated of apparently far off themes.

AN ELOQUENT THOUGHT.—Though the inventor of the steam engine and the discoverer of the telescope may have intended to invent and discover for themselves alone, yet they could not help giving the strength of ten thousand arms, and the vision of ten thousand eyes to all mankind; and when an inspiring thought glows up, like sunshine, in the soul of genius, a new sun is lighted up in the firmament of all men's consciousness, and a ray out of the Eternal Effulgence is poured out over the world.

COMET POETRY.—A "smart little boy" is the author of the following:

The full moon was setting in a cloud,
Full fledged in a golden light,
A hatching out the little stars—
The chickens of the night;
But out of all that little brood,
Produced by Luna pall,
There was but one poor little chick
That could produce a tail.

AS BROAD AS IT IS LONG.—A German statistical writer remarks that the invention of the sewing machine has enabled one woman to sew as much as a hundred could sew by hand a century ago; but, he continues, one woman now demands as much clothing as a hundred did a century ago—so that matters are not much changed after all.

The *Rebel* is responsible for the following suggestion:

If the Yankee government will take up the issue of the Confederate notes, old and new, in gold and silver, or sterling exchange, we will recognize their independence. It will be a good bargain on all sides.

The United States papers speak of a "rebel" naval officer deserting *with his wife*, to escape punishment from the Confederate authorities. He is doubtless of the Universalist faith, as by taking his wife with them, he still receives some punishment "as he goes along." The wretch.

Governor Magrath of South Carolina is about to gather all the youths of the State in a certain portion of the State, and establish a military camp for their discipline and education.

CONGRESS.

A bill to change the mode of filling vacancies among commissioned officers in the army has been passed; also a bill authorizing the promotion of non-commissioned officers and privates for valor, skill and merit.

A new tax bill has been adopted, imposing a tax of eight per cent, on all property, and an additional tax of one per cent to increase soldiers' pay It provides for paying the expense of the Government one half in treasury notes and the other half in certificates of indebtedness.

On the 7th, the bill for the employment of negroes in the army was discussed in the Senate, and Messrs Hunter, Orr and Graham spoke in opposition to it, and Messrs Semmes and Burnett in favor.

On the 8th, the negro bill was again under consideration in the Senate, and after being amended so as to prohibit the calling out of more than 25 per cent of male slaves between the ages of 18 and 45 in any State, passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Brown Burnett, Caperton, Henry, Hunter Oldham, Semmes, Sims and Watson—9.

Nays—Barnwell, Graham, Johnson of Ga, Maxwell, Orr, Vest and Wigfall—7.

Eight Senators were either absent or did not vote.

The Virginia Senators voted for the bill in accordance with instructions from the Virginia Legislature.

A bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow specie to be applied to the redemption and reduction of the currency, has been adopted. This is an important measure and will reduce the price of gold.

Both Houses adopted a resolution to adjourn on Saturday last, the 11th inst.

On the 9th the Senate rejected the House bill providing payment for horses killed or lost in the service of the Confederate States.

Mr. Wigfall submitted the following resolution, which was agreed to.

Resolved, by the Congress of the Confederate States that the thanks of Congress and the country are due and are hereby tendered, to Gen. Wade Hampton for his manly letter of the 27th February addressed to Gen. Sherman, and that in the opinion of Congress the executive Department ought to sustain Gen. Hampton in carrying out the policy of his letter.

The House passed the Senate bill fixing the time for the commencement of the next session of Congress with an amendment inserting October instead of November.

The Senate amendment to House bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow specie to be applied to the redemption and reduction of the currency, was agreed to.

The Senate amendment to the bill putting negroes in the army, was concurred in—yeas 40, nays 26.

AN ACT CONCERNING THE MODE OF TAKING DEPOSITIONS IN CERTAIN CASES.

SEC 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That depositions of persons out of the State, and of persons within the State and confined in prison, or being within the lines of the enemy, may be taken under the following rules: The examiner shall file his interrogatories in the office of the court wherein the case is pending, or the deposition to be used, and thereof notify the adverse party, and deliver him a copy of the same whereupon such party within the time prescribed, may file cross interrogatories, and thereupon the examiner may file other interrogatories, according to the rules of re examination in chief. And the interrogatories with a commission shall be sent to the commissioner who shall propound them in the order in which they are set forth and take the deposition according to the present mode; unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed in writing, signed by the parties or one, at least, of their counsels, and the time of notice for filing cross interrogatories, shall be the same as is now allowed for personal attendance at the place of taking depositions, according to the method prescribed by the Revised Code, chap 31, sec. 63,—the place where the interrogatories allowed under this act are filed, being deemed the place where the depositions are taken.

Ratified the 1st day of February, A. D., 1865.

R. S. DONNELL, S. H. C.
GILES MEBANE, S. S.

AN ACT TO EXTEND THE TIME FOR PERFECTING TITLES TO LANDS HERETOFORE ENTERED.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all persons who have made entries of vacant lands, according to law since the first day of January 1852, and have paid the purchase money to the State for the same, shall have until the first day of January, A. D. 1867, to perfect their title to the same by grant.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That all persons who have made entries of vacant lands since the first day of January, A. D. 1860, and have not paid the purchase money into the State Treasury shall have until the first day of January, A. D 1867, to perfect their titles to the said lands, Provided, that nothing in this act contained, shall be so construed as to effect the titles of persons who may have obtained grants for said lands or the rights of junior entries or to extend to swamp lands in the eastern part of the State.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 7th day of February, A. D. 1865.

R. S. DONNELL, S. H. C.
GILES MEBANE, S. S.

AN ACT FOR THE BENEFIT OF PERSONS WHO HAVE ENTERED VACANT LAND.

SEC 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, that the provisions of an act entitled an act for the benefit of persons who have entered vacant lands, passed by the General Assembly, and ratified on the 3d day of February, 1853, be extended and continue in force for two years from and after this 3rd day of February, 1865.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, that this act seall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 7th day of February A. D. 1865.

R. S. DONNELL, S. H. C.
GILES MEBANE, S. S.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC TREASURER TO RECEIVE PARTIAL PAYMENTS OF TAXES DUE FROM COUNTIES WITHIN THE LINES OF THE ENEMY.

Resolved That in cases of partial payments made or hereafter to be made, on account of taxes due the State by counties within the enemy's lines, the Public Treasurer is authorized and instructed to receive such partial payment, keeping an account with such counties of the amount so received and entering the same to the credit of the Public Fund.

Ratified 1st day of February, 1865.

R. S. DONNELL, S. H. C.
GILES MEBANE, S. S.

AS BROAD AS IT IS LONG.—A German statistical writer remarks that the invention of the sewing machine has enabled one woman to sew as much as a hundred could sew by hand a century ago; but, he continues, one woman now demands as much clothing as a hundred did a century ago—so that matters are not so much changed after all.

There is a small chance of truth at the goal where there is not a child-like humility at the starting post.

From the Greensboro Patriot.

SWEET LAND OF THE SOUTH.

BY A. PERRY SPERRY.

Sweet land of the South tho' thy bosom is scarred
With the graves of the heroes that sleep 'neath thy sod
Still its worth is enhanced, tho' its smoothness is marred,
For these graves are like gems on the breast of a god
O, land, glorious land, a clay idol thou art,
In my soul's inmost depths I have reared thee a shrine,
And still will I hold thee close, close to my heart,
Till that heart turns to dust that shall mingle with thine.

Sweet land of the South, tho' our enemies come,
And trample thy breast with their unhallowed feet,
Tho' they put the red torch to each temple and home,
Still our lips and our hearts will thy glories repeat;
And we swear, by the tombs of the brave and the good,
By the shadows of age, and the sunshine of youth,
That we'll baptize thy wounds with our enemy's blood,
And let thee shine forth in thy beauty and truth.

O, land of the South, land of sweetest perfumes,
All wretched and broken, and torn, as you are,
Still dearer art thou, in thy ruins and tombs,
Than all other spots that the wide earth may bear;
And here, on our knees, to our Maker we vow,
By the heavens above us, by Liberty's star,
That we'll do and we'll die but to place on thy brow
The victor's proud wreath at the end of the war.

A GOOD RETORT.—Robert Hall did not lose the power of retort even in madness. A hypocritical condoler with his misfortunes once visited him in the mad-house, and said in a whining tone, "What brought you here, Mr. Hall?" Hall significantly touched his brow with his finger, and replied, "What'll never bring you here, too much brains."

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—"Father," said a roguish boy, 'I hope you won't buy any more gunpowder tea for mother."

"Why not?"

'Because, every time she drinks it she blows us up!"

Here is a brief but pointed "essay on man:"

At ten, a child; at twenty, wild;
At thirty, tame, if ever,
At forty, wise: at fifty, rich;
At sixty, good, or never.

It is often extremely difficult in the mixed things of this world to act truly and kindly too, but therein lies one of the great trials of man that his sincerity should have kindness in it, and his kindness truth.

When we take people merely as they are we make them worse; when we treat them as if they were what they should be, we improve them as far as they can be improved.

SPEAK OUT!—Speak out, little folks, when spoken to Open your mouth, not nod your head, or grunt like pigs. What was your tongue made for?

The Bible is a window in the prison of hope through which we look into eternity.

Hope is the universal good—the captive's freedom, the sick man's health, the lover's victory, and the beggar's riches.

The Spanish authorities have refused permission to C. S. man of war Olinda, to make repairs in Corunna and she is now blockaded in that port by the Niagra.

In the battle of Guilford Court House, Peter Francisco, who belonged to Col. William Washington's cavalry, is said to have cut down eleven men with his terrible broad-sword.

When the British evacuated Savannah, they carried off 5,000 negroes. Nearly seven-eighths of the negroes of Georgia were carried off during the Revolutionary War. Many of them were sent to the West Indies and sold.

In the heat of the battle of King's Mountain, Colonel Campbell, who was in command of the Americans, was seen on foot at the head of his men, with his coat off and his shirt-collar open.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The numerous friends and acquaintances of the late Mrs. ELIZABETH R. O'RORKE, and the citizens of Raleigh, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her husband John O'Rorke, Esq., on today, Saturday, at 11 o'clock, A. M 278—1t.

MARRIED:

On Thursday evening, March 16th, by W. R. Richardson, Esq., Mr. W. J. Saunders to Miss Susan B. Ill, all of this county.

New Advertisements.

Executive Department, North Carolina,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, March 17th, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 6.

I. ALL MILITIA OFFICERS AND OFFICERS OF the Guard for Home Defence of whatever grade, except the Officers of the 2nd Class of the Guard for Home Defence, residing in the Counties of Stokes, Yadkin, Davie, Rowan, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Lincoln, Gaston and Cleveland, and in all Counties East of said Counties, will repair to this city without delay and report to this Office prepared for sixty days service in the Field

This order includes all Officers who claim exemption under the act of the Legislature ratified Feb. 7th, 1865, and all officers exempted by the II Paragraph, General Orders No. 2, present series.

II. The election of all persons of the 1st Class to Office in the 2nd Class of the Guard for Home Defence, is declared void. All such persons will join their proper Companies in the 1st Class without delay.

By order of GOV. VANCE:

R. C. GATLIN,
278—1t. Adjutant General.

All papers in the State publish once and send bills to the Adjutant General's Office.

Headquarters Reserve of N. C.,
RALEIGH N. C., March 17, 1865.

(EXTRACT.)
SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 47.

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V. All detailed men arriving in Raleigh, under Special Orders, No 45, Par. V from these Headquarters, will report to C. A. F. M. Parker Commd'g Post, who will organize into companies, those not already belonging to existing organizations, when sufficient numbers are reported.

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By command of Lieutenant General Holmes.

CHAS. STRINGFELLOW,
Asst. Adj't Gen'l
March 18, 1865, 278—6t,

NOTICE.

BY ORDER OF THE COUNTY COURT OF RANDOLPH I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Ashboro on Tuesday, the 28th inst, Twenty Thousand Dollars of County Bonds, ten years to run, payable in good and lawful money, interest payable semi-annually in such money as will pay public taxes.

J. M. WORTH,
County Trustee.
March 8. 48—wtd.

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